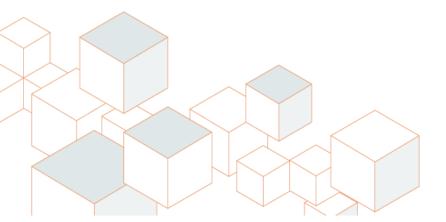


COMMENTS FOR EPA'S SAB CAAC MEETING

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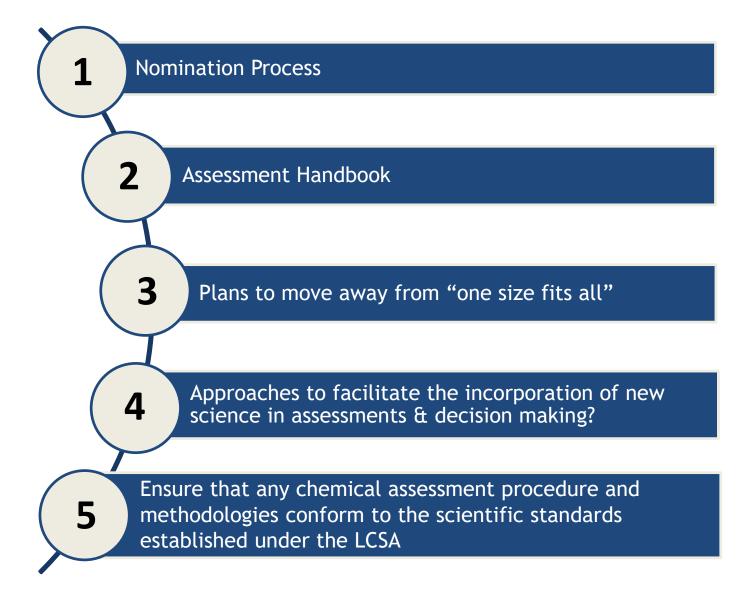




American Chemistry Council (ACC)

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- ☐ ACC members are committed to improved environmental, health and safety performance through Responsible Care®
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Improvements and Clarification Needed



Chemical Prioritization and Nomination

Table 1. Status of chemicals currently being assessed by the IRIS Program (December 2015).

| Ammonia (inhalation) Ethylene oxide (inhalation, cancer) Trimethylbenzenes Benzo[a]pyrene Acrylonitrile n-Butyl alcohol Formaldehyde Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon (PAH) relative potency factors Interagency Science Consultation Butyl alcohol Ethyl t-butyl ether (ETBE) Hexahydro-1,3,5-trinitro-1,3,5-triazine (RDX) Arsenic, inorganic Butyl benzyl phthalate Chromium VI Dibutyl phthalate Diethyl phthalate | Step in IRIS Process | Assessments |
|--|---|--|
| Ethylene oxide (inhalation, cancer) Trimethylbenzenes Benzo[a]pyrene Acrylonitrile n-Butyl alcohol Formaldehyde Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon (PAH) relative potency factors t-Butyl alcohol Ethyl t-butyl ether (ETBE) Hexahydro-1,3,5-trinitro-1,3,5-triazine (RDX) Arsenic, inorganic Butyl benzyl phthalate Chromium VI Dibutyl phthalate Di-isobutyl phthalate Di-isobutyl phthalate Di-isobutyl phthalate Ethylene oxide (inhalation, cancer) Acrylonitrile n-Butyl alcohol Formaldehyde Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon (PAH) relative potency factors t-Butyl alcohol Ethyl t-butyl ether (ETBE) Hexahydro-1,3,5-trinitro-1,3,5-triazine (RDX) Arsenic, inorganic Butyl benzyl phthalate Di-isobutyl phthalate Di-isobutyl phthalate Di-isobutyl phthalate Di-isobutyl phthalate Ethylbenzene Hexabromocyclododecane Naphthalene Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs; noncancer) | 6: Final Agency Review/Interagency Science Discussion | |
| 4: Public comment; Peer review Acrylonitrile n-Butyl alcohol Formaldehyde Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon (PAH) relative potency factors t-Butyl alcohol Formaldehyde Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon (PAH) relative potency factors t-Butyl alcohol Ethyl t-butyl ether (ETBE) Hexahydro-1,3,5-trinitro-1,3,5-triazine (RDX) 2: Agency Review Arsenic, inorganic Butyl benzyl phthalate Chromium VI Dibutyl phthalate Diethyl phthalate Diethyl phthalate Di-isobutyl phthalate Di-isononyl phthalate Ethylbenzene Hexabromocyclododecane Naphthalene Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs; noncancer) | 5: Revise assessment | Ethylene oxide (inhalation, cancer) |
| Pre-4: Assessments released prior to the NRC (2011). They are being revised to incorporate elements of systematic review and will be re-released to step 4. Butyl alcohol Formaldehyde Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon (PAH) relative potency factors Butyl alcohol Ethyl t-butyl ether (ETBE) Hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine (RDX) Arsenic, inorganic Butyl benzyl phthalate Chromium VI Dibutyl phthalate Diethyl phthalate Diethyl phthalate Diesobutyl phthalate Di-isononyl phthalate Ethylbenzene Hexabromocyclododecane Naphthalene Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs; noncancer) | 4: Public comment; Peer review | Benzo[a]pyrene |
| 3: Interagency Science Consultation Ethyl t-butyl ether (ETBE) Hexahydro-1,3,5-trinitro-1,3,5-triazine (RDX) 2: Agency Review Arsenic, inorganic Butyl benzyl phthalate Chromium VI Dibutyl phthalate Diethyl phthalate Diethyl phthalate Di-isobutyl phthalate Di-isoonyl phthalate Ethylbenzene Hexabromocyclododecane Naphthalene Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs; noncancer) | Pre-4: Assessments released prior to the NRC (2011). They are being revised to incorporate elements of systematic review and will be re-released to step 4. | n-Butyl alcohol Formaldehyde Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon (PAH) relative |
| Arsenic, inorganic Butyl benzyl phthalate Chromium VI Dibutyl phthalate Diethyl phthalate Diethyl phthalate Di-isobutyl phthalate Di-isononyl phthalate Ethylbenzene Hexabromocyclododecane Naphthalene Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs; noncancer) | 3: Interagency Science Consultation | Ethyl t-butyl ether (ETBE) |
| Butyl benzyl phthalate Chromium VI Dibutyl phthalate Diethyl phthalate Di-isobutyl phthalate Di-isononyl phthalate Ethylbenzene Hexabromocyclododecane Naphthalene Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs; noncancer) | 2: Agency Review | |
| Problem formulation | l: Draft development | Butyl benzyl phthalate Chromium VI Dibutyl phthalate Diethyl phthalate Di-isobutyl phthalate Di-isononyl phthalate Ethylbenzene Hexabromocyclododecane Naphthalene |
| | Problem formulation | |

Table 2. Groups of chemical assessments in priority order

| or enemae | ar assessments in priority order. |
|-----------|---|
| Group | Chemicals |
| 1 | Manganese |
| | Mercury |
| | Methylmercury |
| | Nitrate and nitrite |
| | Perfluoroalkyl compounds |
| | Vanadium and compounds |
| 2 | Acetaldehyde |
| | Ammonia (oral) |
| | Cadmium and compounds |
| | Uranium (effects not associated with radioactivity) |
| 3 | Di-(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate |
| | Dichlorobenzene isomers |
| | Methyl t-butyl ether (MTBE) |
| | Nickel and compounds |
| | Styrene |

Clarification Needed

- ☐ What is the process for prioritization of chemicals?
- ☐ How do the draft assessment plans fit into this process?
- ☐ Chloroform in 2015 Multi-year agenda?
- Are there plans to revise the IRIS agenda?

- ☐ Prioritizes should be based on clear regulatory need
- Opportunity for public comment on priorities should allowed
- Agenda should be updated regularly to illustrate when priorities change

Assessment Handbook

Clarification Needed

- When will the draft handbook be released?
- Will the draft handbook be available for the CAAC to review?
- ☐ Will the draft handbook be available for public comments?

- Draft handbook should be released for public comment
- ☐ Draft handbook should undergo review by the CAAC
- ☐ Final handbook should incorporate comments from the public and CAAC
- No assessments should be released unless they clearly demonstrate how they conform with the final handbook

Move away from "one-size-fits-all"

Clarification Needed

- ☐ How will EPA decide if screening level assessment versus a more involved assessment is needed?
- ☐ Are the data needs different depending on the type of assessment conducted?
- ☐ Is there criteria for this approach?

- ☐ Clearly define the different types of assessment the program will conduct
- ☐ Clearly define the data required for each assessment type

Approaches to Incorporate New Science

Clarification Needed

- When will EPA release a draft protocol? Will it include the process that EPA will use to:
 - Evaluate study quality for each stream of evidence?
 - Use the study quality information to integrate data to reach conclusions?
- ☐ Will the agency release a weight of evidence framework for assessments?
- How will EPA keep up-to-date on current publications for use in its assessments and how will this information be shared with the public?

- ☐ Identify what considerations are needed to determine a study to be of high, medium or low quality.
- ☐ Identify study quality characteristics and describe how each of the studies meets, or does not meet, these criteria (e.g. for animal data, such criteria could include a clear evaluation of study design, sample size, statistical power, and the dose response and exposure characterization)
- ☐ Discuss how the quality evaluation influenced a study's use in the weight of evidence evaluation 7